Using Capistrano

Chirb — February 5, 2007 Presentation by Michael H. Buselli cosine@cosine.org http://www.cosinewave.net/ruby/cap

What is Capistrano?

- A tool to deploy applications remotely.
- Uses SSH to contact remote systems and issue commands in a POSIX shell.
- Also uses SFTP if available.
- Can tunnel SSH connections through a gateway host.
- Comes from Jamis Buck of 37signals, the same team that brings us Rails.
- Latest version is 1.4.0.

About Capistrano

- Like Rails, makes default assumptions about your environment to reduce configuration.
- If your environment is identical to 37signals's, you probably don't need a configuration file. [just kidding :)]
- Default assumes Rails, Subversion, Apache 1.x, FastCGI.
- Future versions will de-couple Rails support from the Capistrano core.

Getting Capistrano

- sudo gem install capistrano -y
- You should also make sure to pick up the following optional gems:
 - net-sftp
 - for reliable file transport
 - termios
 - so your password doesn't echo to the screen

Capistrano Commands

- run Execute a remote command
- sudo Same as run, but as root
- put Upload a file

get

- delete Remove a remote file
- render Return string from ERb template

Download a file (but only from one system)

run

run 'uname -a'

- run "mv #{some_file} /path/to/somewhere"
- Give run a block to process output:
- run "find /path" do |chan, strm, data|
 - if strm == :err and data =~ /denied/
 - logger.info "bad perm on #{chan[:host]}:
 #{data}"
 - end
- end

sudo

- Run commands as root with sudo:
- sudo 'apachectl restart'

sudo "cp #{staging_area}/file /etc/file"

• Like run, sudo can also take a block for additional processing.

put

put "Hello World\n",
 '/remote/path/hello_world'
put File.read('/local/file'),
 '/remote/file'

render

• Render a local ERb template file:

render "template.file"

- Render ERb template string:
- render :template => "Hello <%= place %>",
 :place => 'world'
- Use with put:

put render('config'),
 "/path/to/#{app}/config"

delete

delete "/file/we/dont/like"
delete "/directory/we/dont/like",
 :recursive => true

get

get "/remote/file/to/get",
 "/where/to/put/it"

Add your own Commands!

module CapExtension

- def hello_world (greeting)
 run "echo hello #{greeting} world"
 end
- end

Capistrano.plugin :ext, CapExtension

• Now call it from within a task: ext.hello world 'cruel'

Capistrano Tasks

- Commands are organized into tasks:
- desc "Tell the world hello, then destroy
 it."
- task :hello_world_destroy do
 run 'echo "hello world"'
 delete '/path/to/the/world'
- end

Capistrano Tasks

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- desc "Tell the world hello, then destroy
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- task :hello_world_destroy do
 - run 'echo "hello world"' ┥
 - delete '/path/to/the/world'

end

All systems run this concurrently

Capistrano Tasks

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- desc "Tell the world hello, then destroy
 it."
- task :hello_world_destroy do
 - run 'echo "hello world" '
 - delete '/path/to/the/world'

end

Runs on success of previous command on all systems.

Tasks Calling Tasks

• Tasks often call other tasks:

```
task :hello_world do
   run 'echo "hello world"'
end
```

```
task :destroy_world do
   delete '/path/to/the/world'
end
```

```
task :hello_world_destroy do
   hello_world
   destroy_world
end
```

Task Hooks

 When a task, say the_task, is called Capistrano looks for other tasks called before_the_task and after_the_task and calls them before and after the the_task respectively.

task :before_hello_world do
 run 'echo "prepare to be greeted"'
end

```
task :after_hello_world do
   run 'echo "you have been greeted"'
end
```

Capistrano Roles

- Machines are grouped into roles that define what tasks apply to which systems.
- role :web, 'www1', 'www2'
- role :app, 'app1', 'app2'
- role :db, 'db-master', :primary => true
- role :db, 'db-slave1', 'db-slave2'

Limit Tasks by Role

 Each task can be limited to what role(s) it applies to.

```
task :hello_web_servers, :roles => :web do
  run 'echo "hello web server"'
end
```

```
task :hello_app_servers, :roles => :app do
   run 'echo "hello web server"'
end
```

```
task :hello_world do
    hello_web_servers
    hello_app_servers
end
```

Limit Tasks by Role

 Each task can be limited to what role(s) it applies to.

```
task :hello_web_servers, :roles => :web do
  run 'echo "hello web server"'
end
```

```
task :hello_app_servers, :roles => :app do
   run 'echo "hello web server"'
end
```

```
task :hello_world do
   hello_web_servers 
   hello_app_servers
   web servers
end
```

Limit Tasks by Role

 Each task can be limited to what role(s) it applies to.

```
task :hello_web_servers, :roles => :web do
  run 'echo "hello web server"'
end
```

```
task :hello_app_servers, :roles => :app do
    run 'echo "hello web server"'
end
```

Capistrano Variables

- Variables are used by various tasks and methods.
- set :scm, :subversion
- set :deploy_to, '/path/to/application'
- If a block is passed, it is evaluated on first use and result cached for further uses.

```
set :deploy_to do
```

```
"/path/to/#{application}"
```

end

Capistrano with Rails

- In your RAILS_HOME run
- cap --apply-to . AppName
- Edit config/deploy.rb
 - Configure mandatory variables
 - :application, :repository
 - Configure roles
 - :web, :app, :db, and one primary :db
 - Optional settings
 - :scm, :deploy_to, ssh_options, and many more

Run Capistrano

- Run Capistrano directly (preferred): cap setup
- Run via Rake (deprecated): rake remote:cold deploy
- Capistrano sets up deploy and rollback targets directly in rake (deprecated): rake deploy
- Run arbitrary tasks via Rake with remote:exec (deprecated):

rake remote:exec ACTION=my_task

Important Tasks for Rails

These some important Capistrano tasks for deploying a Rails application:

- setup
- cold_deploy
- deploy
- rollback
- cleanup

Run cap show_tasks or rake --tasks to see more of what's available.

setup

Creates initial directories in the deployment area.

[%] cap setup

- * executing task setup
- * executing "umask 02 &&\n mkdir -p
- /u/apps/myapp /u/apps/myapp/releases
- /u/apps/myapp/shared /u/apps/myapp/shared/system
- &&\n mkdir -p /u/apps/myapp/shared/log &&\n
 - mkdir -p /u/apps/myapp/shared/pids"
 - servers: ["localhost"]
 - [localhost] executing command
 - command finished

cold_deploy

Deploys application and starts FastCGI processes by calling script/spin

• Make sure you create script/spin:

#!/bin/sh
/u/apps/myapp/current/scripts/process/spinner -c
'/u/apps/myapp/current/scripts/process/spawner
-p 7000 -i 5' -d

• Note use of spinner and spawner to keep the FastCGI processes alive.

deploy

- Deploy your application to your servers.
- Takes care of copying files out of Subversion (or other SCM) and to the deployment area, then restart necessary processes.
- % cap deploy 2>&1 | grep 'executing task'
 - * executing task deploy
 - * executing task update
 - * executing task update_code
 - * executing task set_permissions
 - * executing task symlink
 - * executing task restart

Deployment Path

/u/apps/myapp/

- current -> releases/20070205225159
- releases/
 - 20070204080051/
 - 20070205060519/
 - 20070205225159/
 - This directory is RAILS_ROOT.
- revisions.log
- shared/
 - log/
 - pids/
 - system/

Deployment Path

/u/apps/myapp/

- releases/
 - 20070205225159/
 - app/
 - config/
 - db/
 - script/
 - public/

-system -> /u/apps/myapp/shared/system

- •log -> /u/apps/myapp/shared/log
- tmp/

-pids -> /u/apps/myapp/shared/pids

rollback

Oops! We screwed up. Retreat!

- % cap rollback
- Re-links current to previous deployed release.
- Deletes the release rolled back from.

cleanup

- $\frac{9}{6}$ cap cleanup
- Deletes old releases, only retaining the previous five.

Resources

- Capistrano Manual:
- http://manuals.rubyonrails.com/read/book/17
- Capistrano Mailing List:
- http://groups.google.com/group/capistrano
- LRUG Presentation by Tom Ward:

http://skillsmatter.com/downloads/Tom_Ward_Doi ng Bad Things With Capistrano.pdf

Resources

- Capistrano Screencast (\$9):
- http://peepcode.com/products/capistrano-concepts
- O'Reilly Online Book (requires subscription): http://safari.oreilly.com/0596529627
- My page on this presentation:

http://www.cosinewave.net/ruby/cap

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